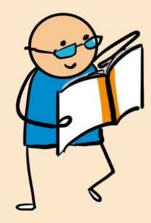
Anne Versluis, Carlo Schuengel, Liesbeth Mevissen, Ad de Jongh & Robert Didden

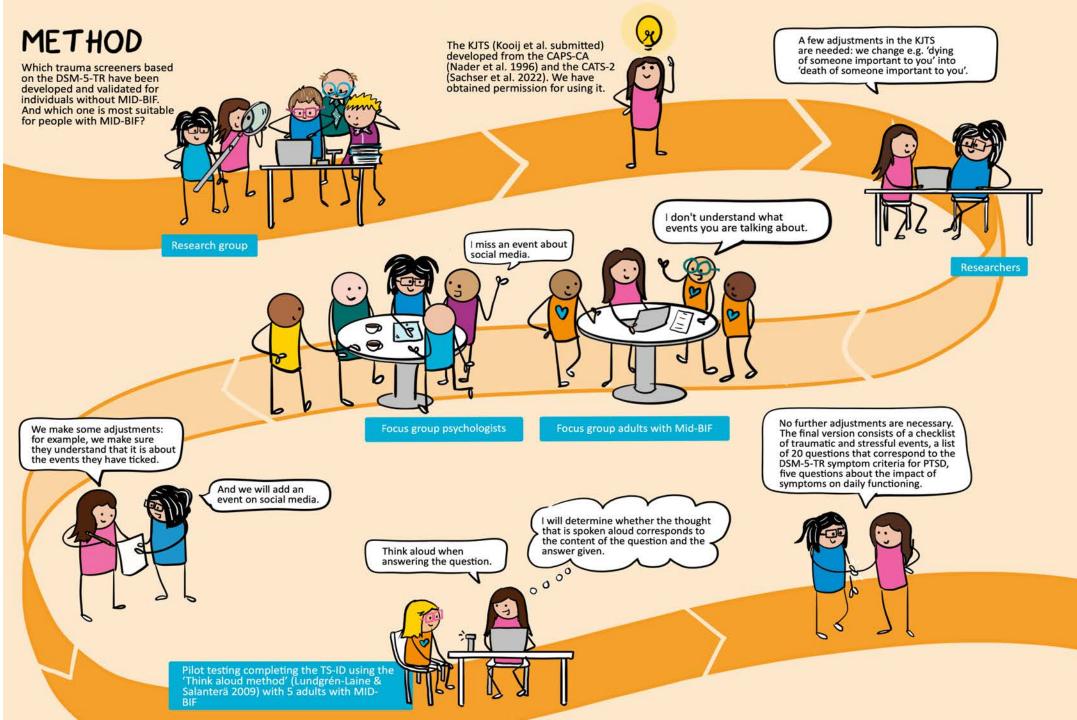


BACKGROUND

People with MID-BIF experience many traumatic experiences and may develop post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) more often than people without ID (for example, De Vogel & Didden 2022; Mevissen et al. 2016; Nieuwenhuis et al. 2019). Although PTSD is common among individuals with MID-BIF, it often remains unnoticed (Mevissen et al. 2020; Nieuwenhuis et al. 2019). If PTSD is recognized, effective trauma treatment is more likely to be provided. Screening may help to identify PTSD in individuals with MID-BIF at an early stage.

AIM OF THIS STUDY:

to adapt and pilot test an existing trauma screener for adults with MID-BIF, according to the DSM-5-TR.



FINDINGS

The adaptation process from the KJTS into the TS-ID, with both expert input and feedback from the population, led to acceptance of face validity. The pilot test confirmed that questions and instructions were understood by adults with MID-BIF as intended.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the TS-ID is a promising potentially valuable screening instrument for identifying PTSD in adults with MID-BIF.

Versluis, A., Schuengel, C., Mevissen, L., de Jongh, A., Schuengel, C., & Didden, R. (2024). Development and evaluation of the Trauma Screener - Intellectual Disability (TS-ID): A PTSD screening tool for adults with mild intellectual disability or borderline intellectual functioning.









